



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

Washington, D.C. 20231

エワ

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	ILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
09/420,695	10/19/99	THANAVALA		Υ	RPP:156A-US	
_		HM12/0129	\neg	EXAMINER		
DUNN & ASSOC	CIATES	Official Contains		FLOOD,M		
P O BOX 96				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
NEWFANE NY	14108	P		ي سو در و	16	
				1651		
				DATE MAILED	•	
		•			01/29/01	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks



Advisory Action

Application No. 09/420,695

Michele Flood

Examiner

Applicant(s)

Thanavala et al.

Group Art Unit 1651



THE PERIOD FOR RESPONS	E: [check only a) or b)]
a) 🛛 expires <u>3</u>	months from the mailing date of the final rejection.
b) expires either three is later. In no event rejection.	months from the mailing date of the final rejection, or on the mailing date of this Advisory Action, whichever, however, will the statutory period for the response expire later than six months from the date of the final
date on which the response, determining the period of ext	the obtained by filing a petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a), the proposed response and the appropriate fee. The the petition, and the fee have been filed is the date of the response and also the date for the purposes of tension and the corresponding amount of the fee. Any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.17 will be the originally set shortened statutory period for response or as set forth in b) above.
Appellant's Brief is due t period for response set f	wo months from the date of the Notice of Appeal filed on (or within any orth above, whichever is later). See 37 CFR 1.191(d) and 37 CFR 1.192(a).
	final rejection, filed on <u>Jan 4, 2001</u> has been considered with the following effect, the application in condition for allowance:
X The proposed amendmen	nt(s):
🛛 will be entered upon	filing of a Notice of Appeal and an Appeal Brief.
will not be entered b	ecause:
☐ they raise new iss	sues that would require further consideration and/or search. (See note below).
they raise the issu	ue of new matter. (See note below).
they are not deem issues for appeal.	ned to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the
\square they present addit	tional claims without cancelling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.
NOTE:	
☐ Applicant's response	has overcome the following rejection(s):
Newly proposed or amel separate, timely filed am	nded claims would be allowable if submitted in a nendment cancelling the non-allowable claims.
The affidavit, exhibit or for allowance because: See attached paper.	request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition
☐ The affidavit or exhibit v	vill NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly raised by rejection.
▼ For purposes of Appeal,	the status of the claims is as follows (see attached written explanation, if any):
Claims rejected: 1 and 4	1-18
	orrection filed on has has not been approved by the Examiner.
☐ Note the attached Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s)
☐ Other	

Art Unit: 1651

DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgment is made of the receipt of Applicant's response made under 37 CFR 1.111 and 1.113.

Full consideration has been given to Applicant's arguments and declaration, however, Applicant's arguments do not distinguish over the prior art of record. Applicant argues that the rejection of Claims 1 and 4-18 made under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Arntzen et al. in view of Koprowski et al., and further in view of Stites et al. is a new rejection, and therefore should be removed. However, this is not found persuasive because the substantial amendment of the claims by Applicant necessitated the adjustment in the rejection. Thus, the rejection made in the previous office action is maintained.

Applicant urges that the teachings of Arntzen provide no data for raising an immune response by ingestion, and that the ingestion of the transgenic tomato taught by Arntzen, as evidenced by the Declaration of Dr. Yasmin Thanavala, does not raise any significant immune response. Applicant concludes that the patent of Arntzen does not provide any suggestion or teaching to the claimed invention. Contrary to Applicant's arguments, Arntzen clearly teaches an anti-viral vaccine produced in transgenic plants, wherein the vaccine is administered through the consumption of an edible plant, such as the tomato or the potato, preferably in the form of a fruit or vegetable juice or through standard vaccine procedure. Moreover, Arntzen specifically teaches methods of making a transgenic plant expressing an immunogen derived from hepatitis B surface

*Application/Control Number: 09/420,695

Art Unit: 1651

antigen, wherein the immunogen is capable of eliciting an immune response in an animal by consumption of the plant material.

Page 3

Applicant further argues that Anrtzen discloses or suggest no way in which a high immune response could be orally obtained, and that the teachings of Koprowski and Stites do not reasonably suggest the claimed invention. However, Applicant's arguments are not deemed persuasive. With Arntzen expressly teaching that the physiologically acceptable plant materials expressing hepatitis B surface antigen could be used to both prime the mucosal immune system and/or stimulate the humoral immune response in a dose dependent manner and with Koprowski teaching the oral delivery of plant material expressing a viral antigen in combination with an adjuvant, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide a method for providing a serum IgM and IgG response specific to hepatitis B surface antigen because it was old and well-known in the art at the time the invention was made that the delivery of a vaccine or therapeutic compound with an adjuvant facilitates and improves its immunological therapeutic activity in an individual, as evidenced by the teachings of both Koprowski and Stites.

Thus, the claimed invention was prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Page 4

Art Unit: 1651

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michele Flood whose telephone number is (703) 308-9432. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 1600 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196 or the Supervisory Patent Examiner, Michael Wityshyn whose telephone number is (703) 308-4743.

mcf

January 25, 2001